



Probabilistic tropical cyclone inundation hazard assessment, Lenakel, Tanna Island, Vanuatu

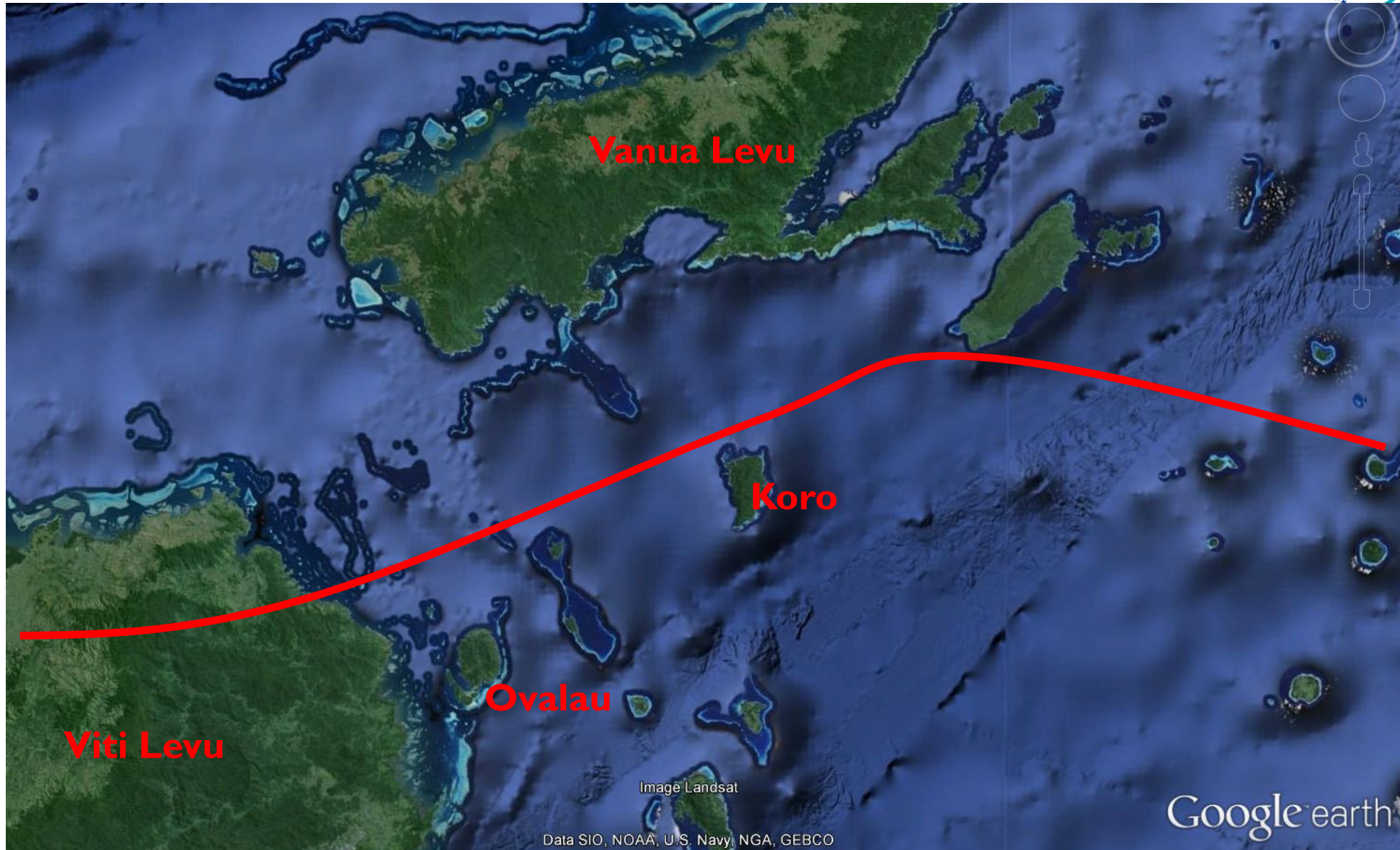
Herve Damlamian, **Moritz Wandres**, Antonio Espejo, Judith Giblin, Naomi Jackson, Zulfikar Begg, Poate Degei, Salesh Kumar, Jens Kruger, Tony Kanas, Rodhson Aru, and Noel Naki



CASE STUDY: CYCLONE WINSTON 2016



Pacific
Community
Communauté
du Pacifique



CASE STUDY: CYCLONE WINSTON



2016, TC Winston - Impact

Fiji:

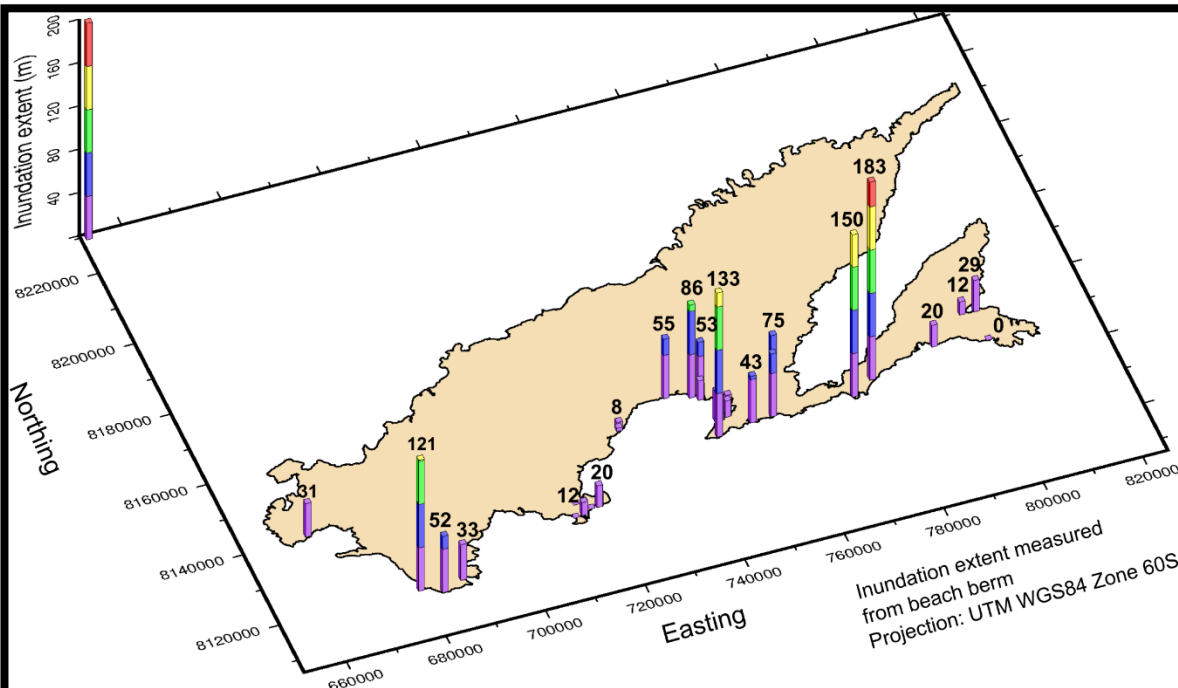
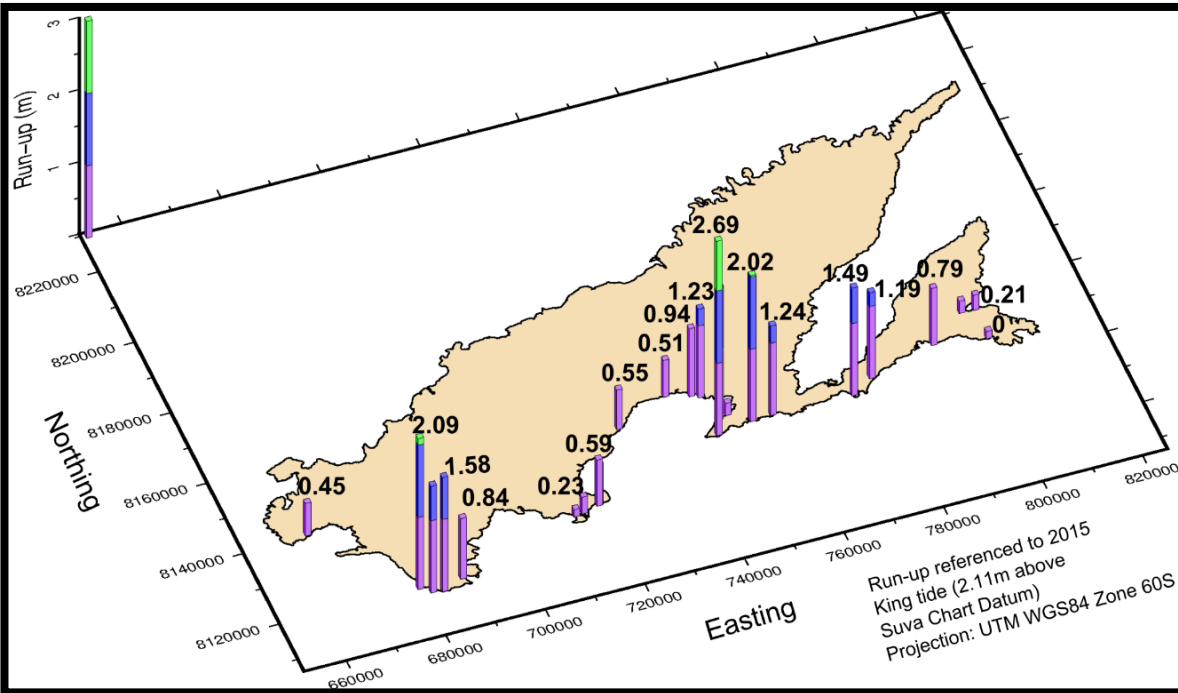
- 44 death
- >40% population affected (350,000)
- 17,000 buildings affected
- FJD\$ ~2,500M – Damage & Loss
- 240 schools severely damaged/destroyed

WINSTON

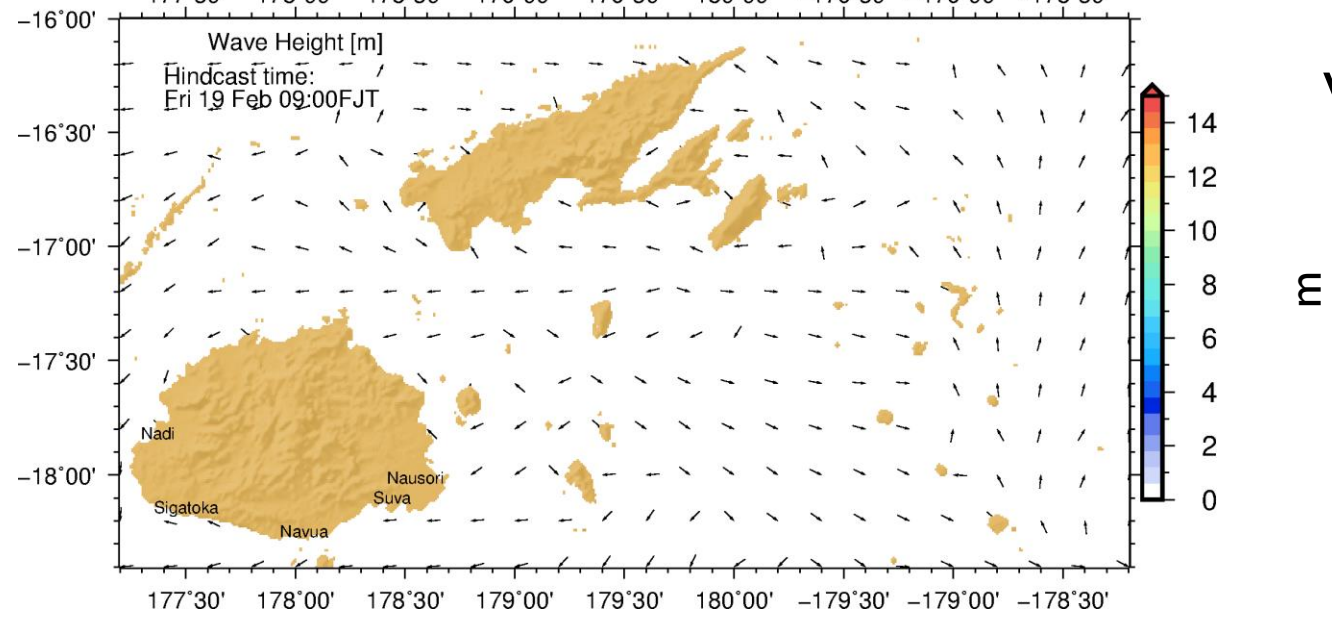
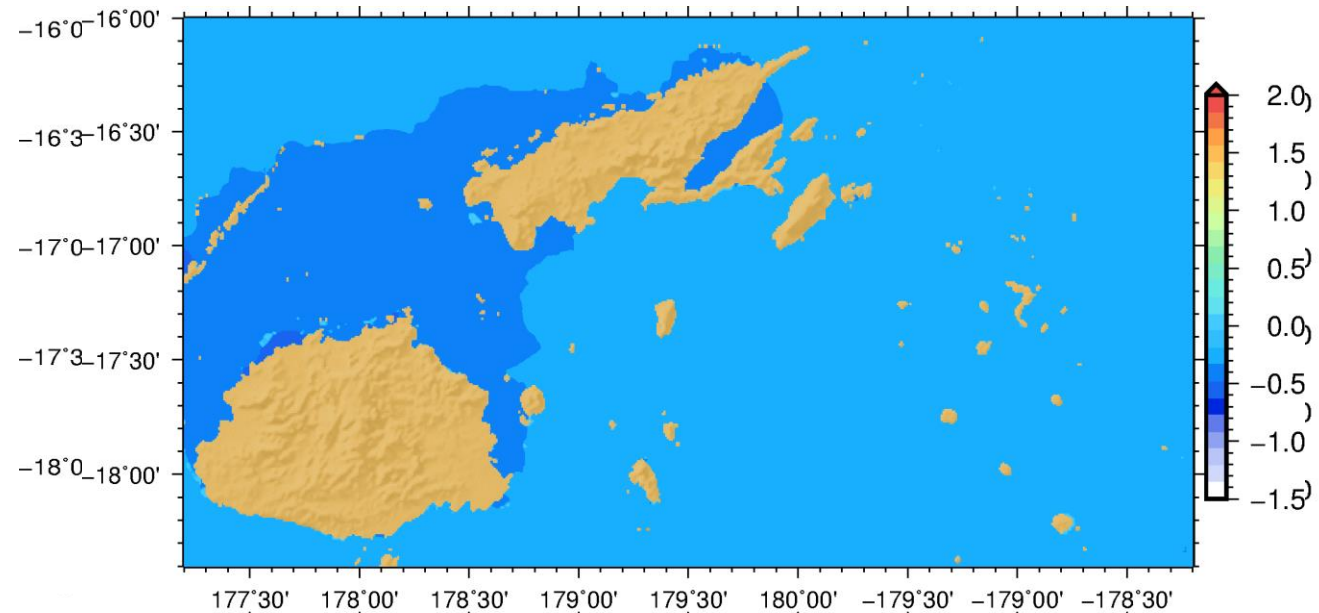
Wave Run-up in Vanua Levu



Inundation Extent in Vanua Levu

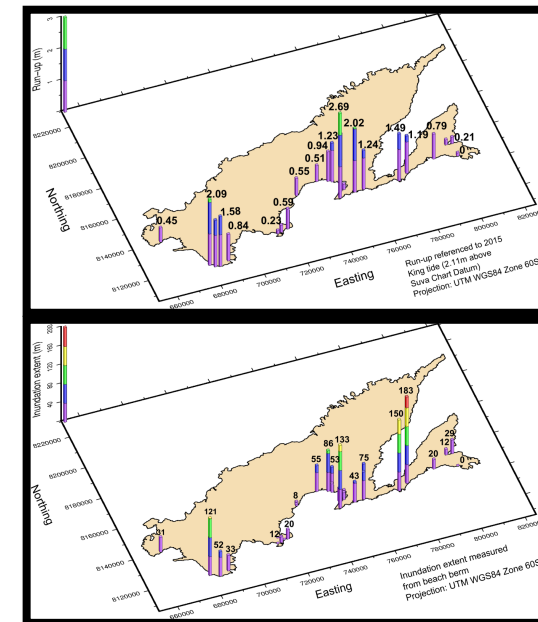
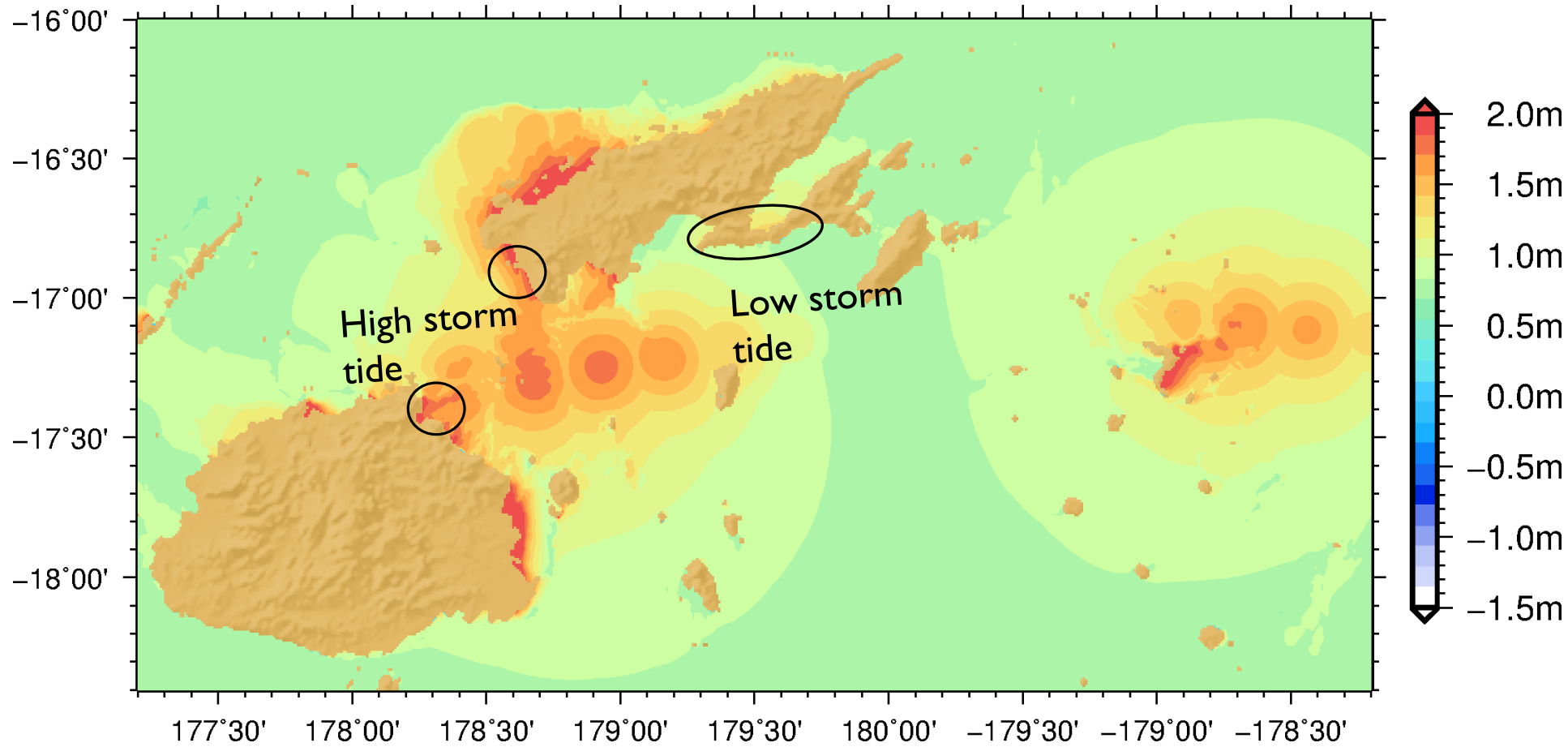


Case study: Cyclone Winston



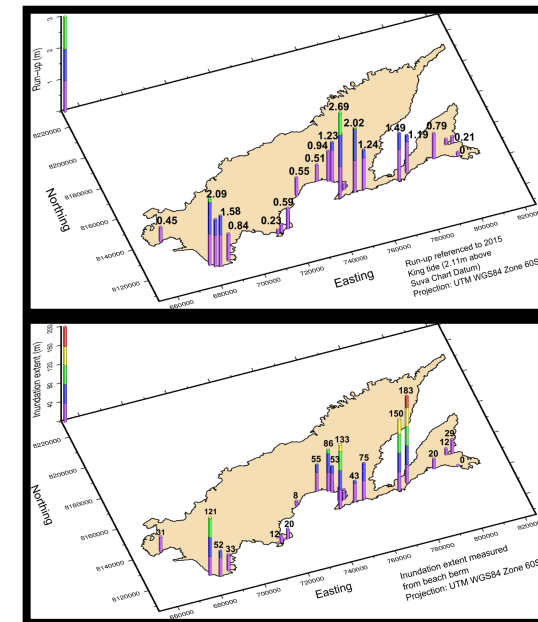
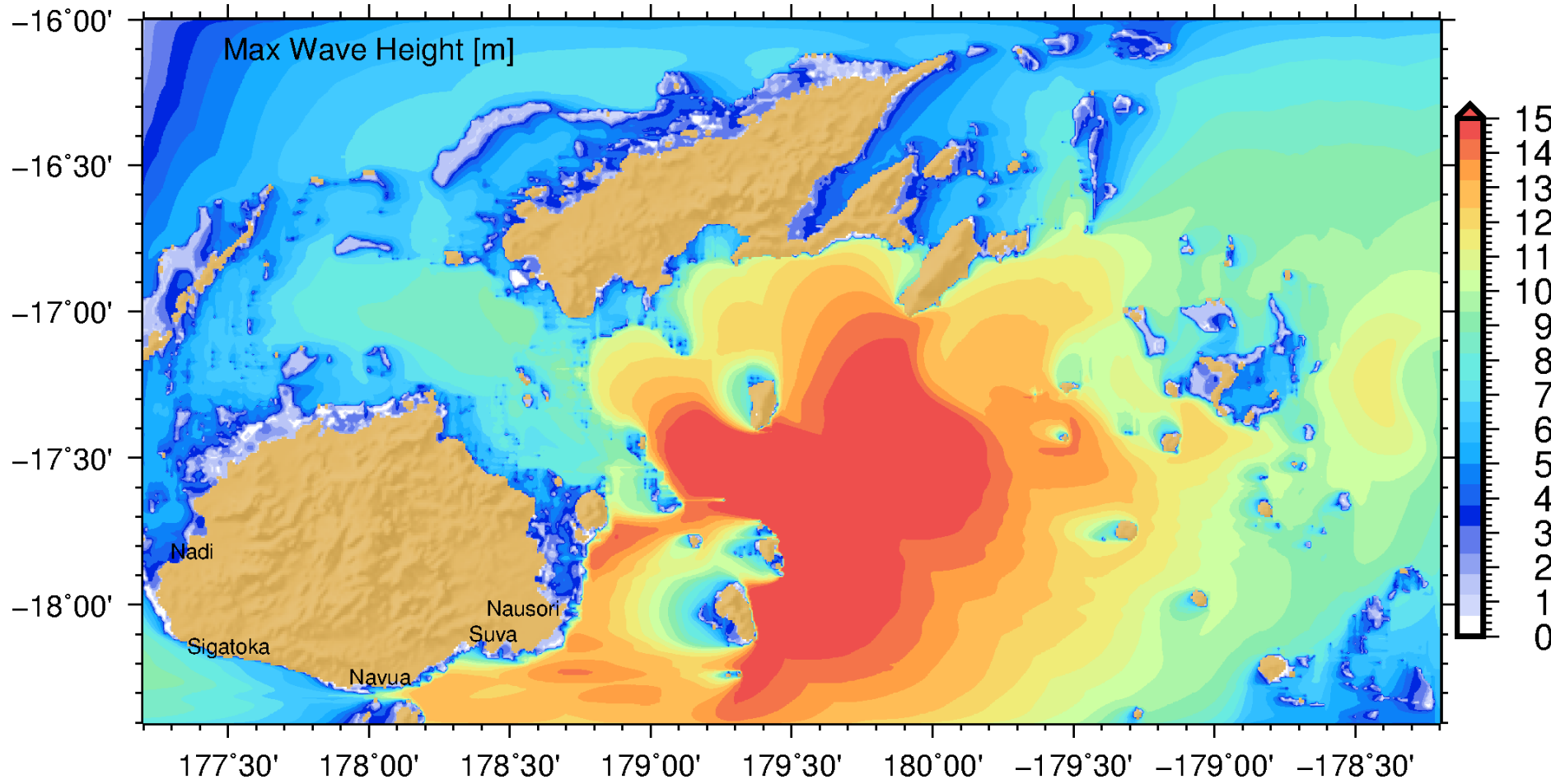
CASE STUDY: CYCLONE WINSTON

Maximum Storm Tide



CASE STUDY: CYCLONE WINSTON

Maximum Wave Height



Lenakel, Tanna



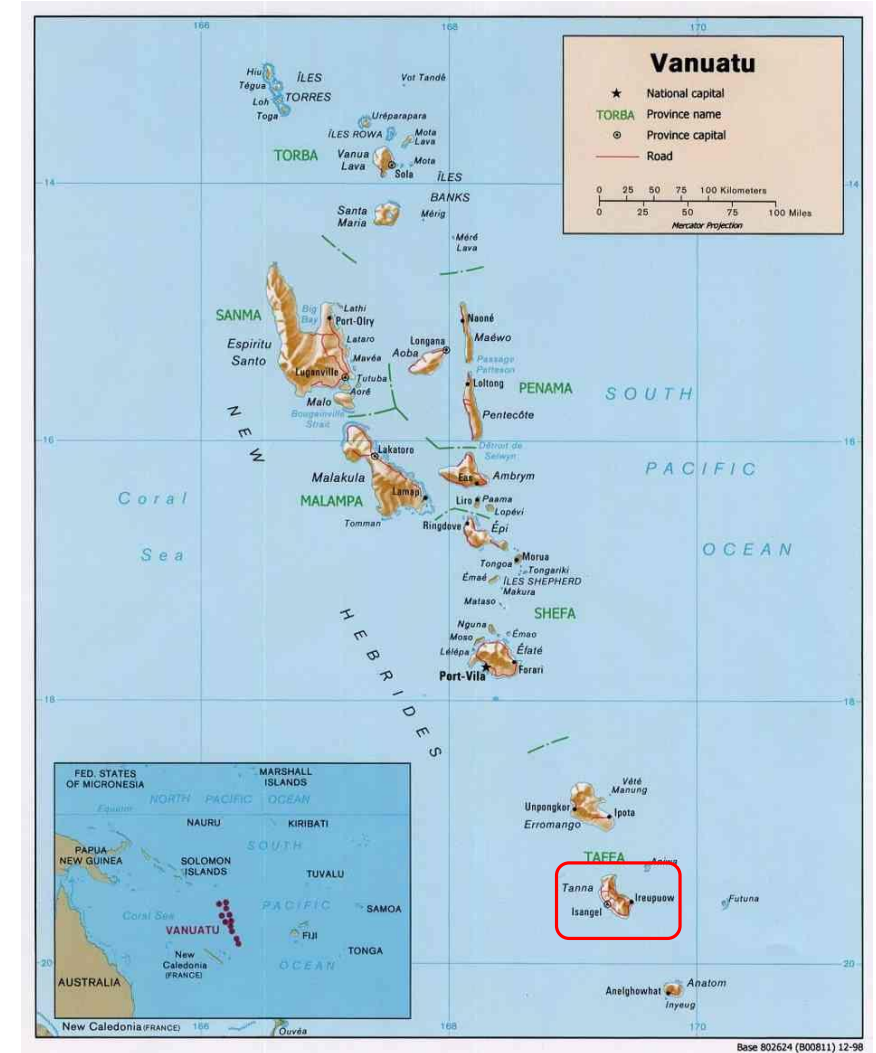
Declared a town in 2015

Population: 14,000

Goal: Provide likelihood of hazard to inform urban planning and evacuation road

Hazards:

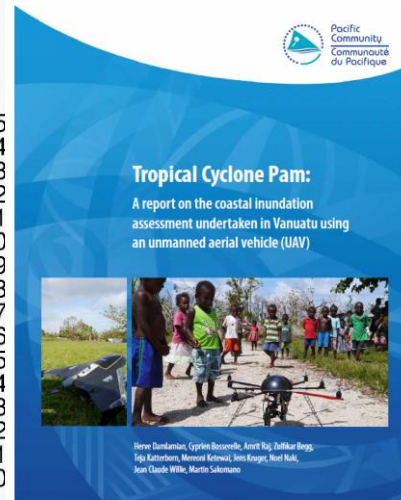
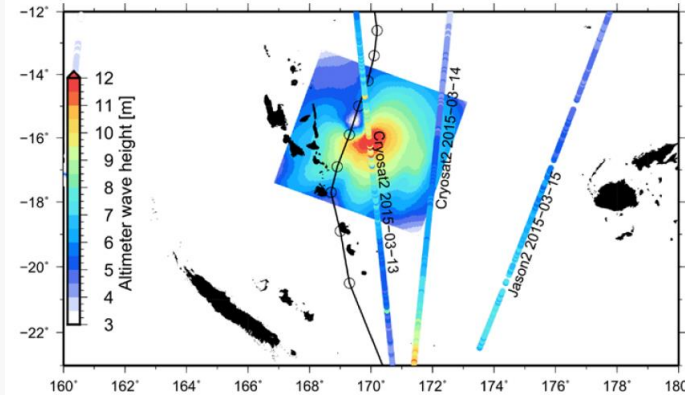
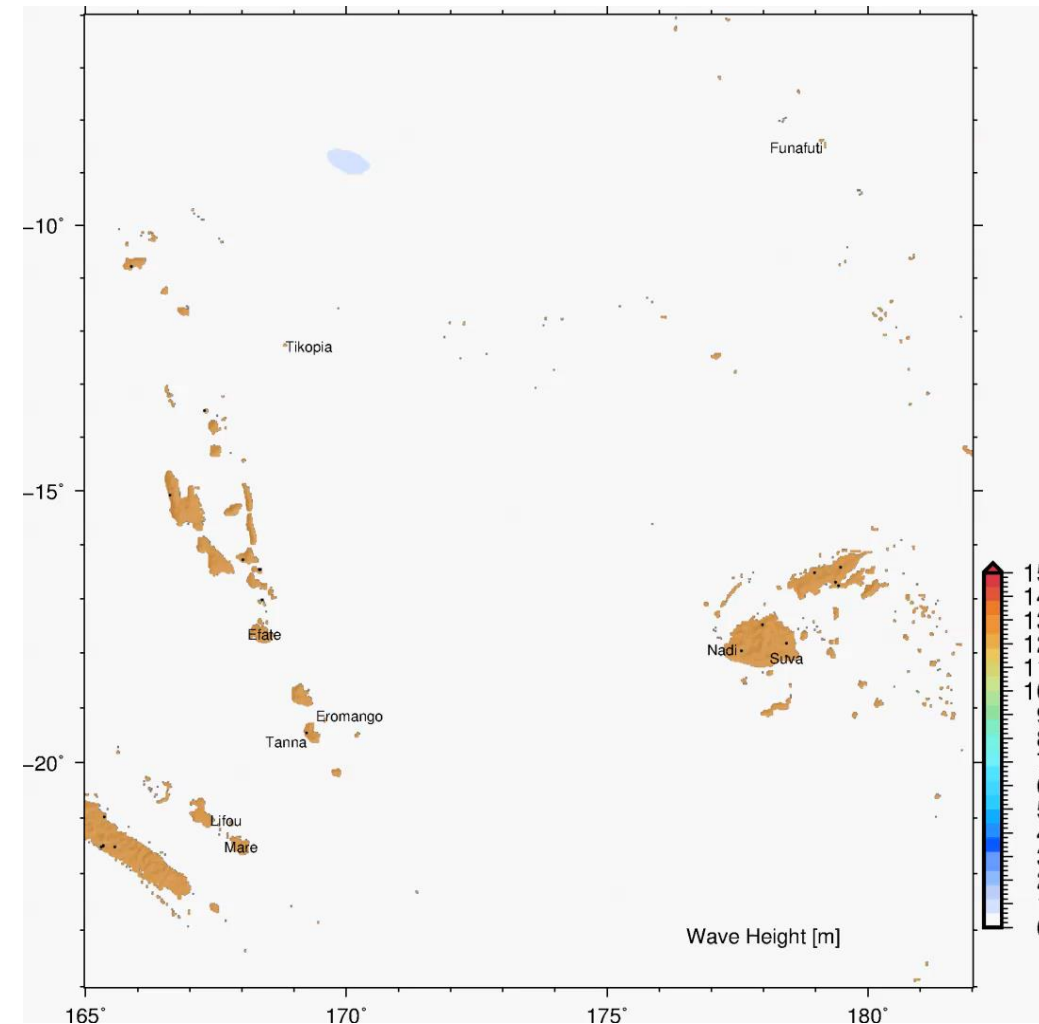
- Swell
- TC Wind & Inundation
- Tsunami



Improved Tropical Cyclone EWS

A regional priority

TC Pam wave model



2015, TC PAM - IMPACT

Tuvalu:

- AU\$ ~14M
- **25% of TV 2013 GDP**
- **41% population affected**

Vanuatu:

- **16** death
- **>50%** population affected (166,000)
- **17,000** buildings affected
- **AU\$ ~619M** – Damage and Loss
- **64.1%** of GDP

Other countries affected: New Caledonia, Solomon Island, Kiribati, New-Zealand.

TC PAM : BEFORE / AFTER

USING AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN DURING LIDAR CAMPAIGN (2012)



TC PAM : Before / After

using Aerial photograph taken during LiDAR campaign (2012)



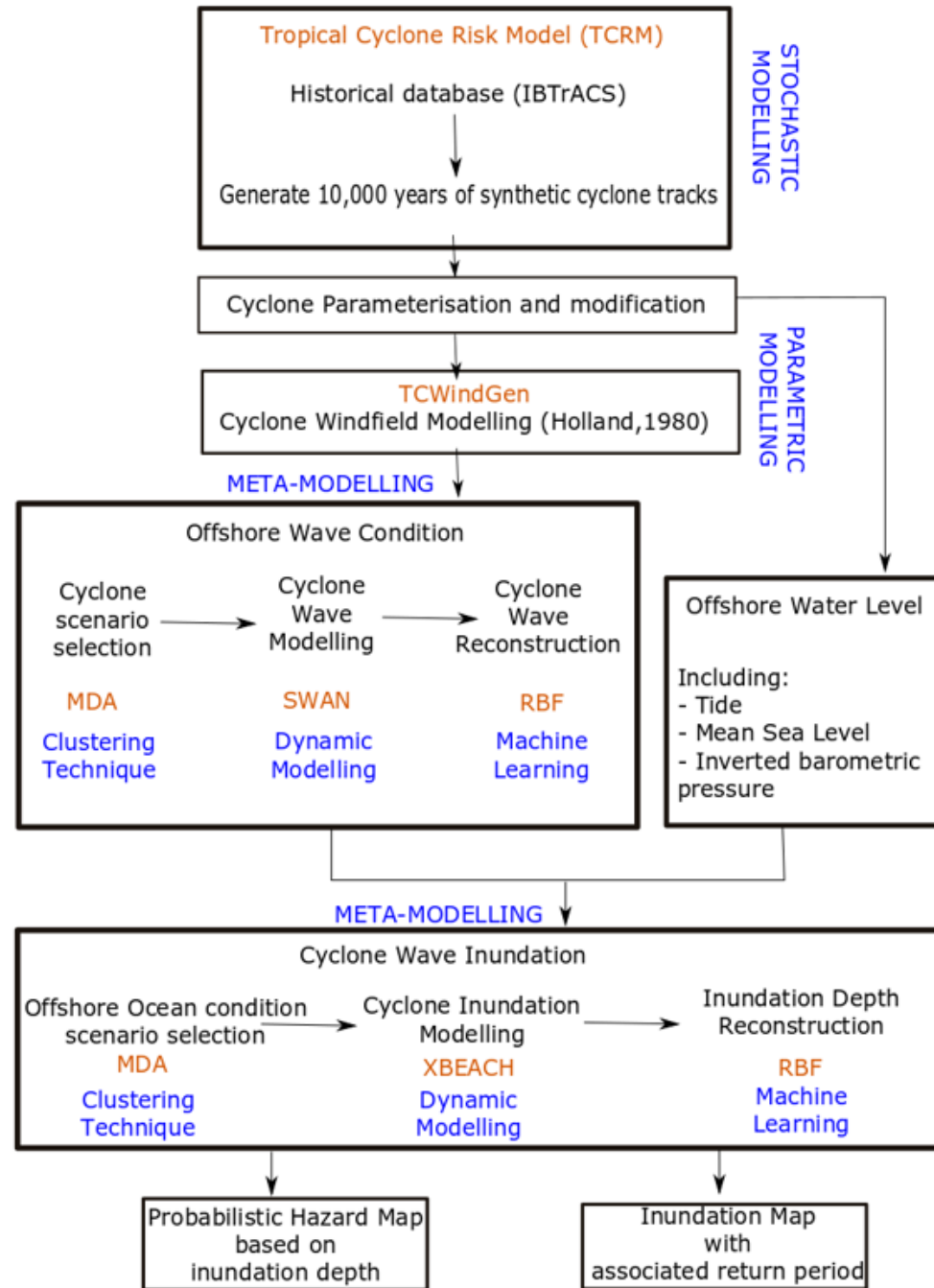
EXTREME TC WAVE RUN-UP, TC PAM

Epau, run-up between 6.0 - 7.0m



Epika, run-up between 6.0 - 7.2m

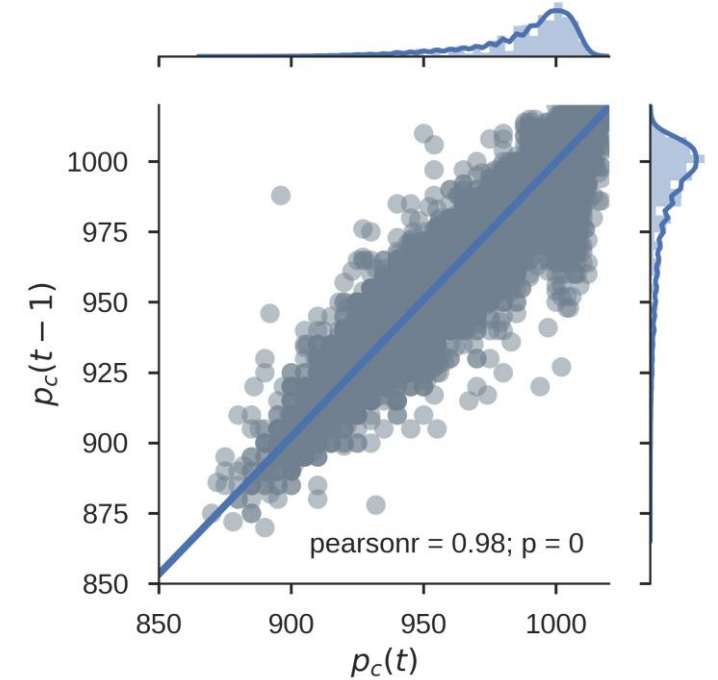
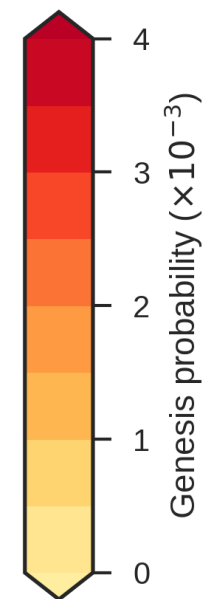
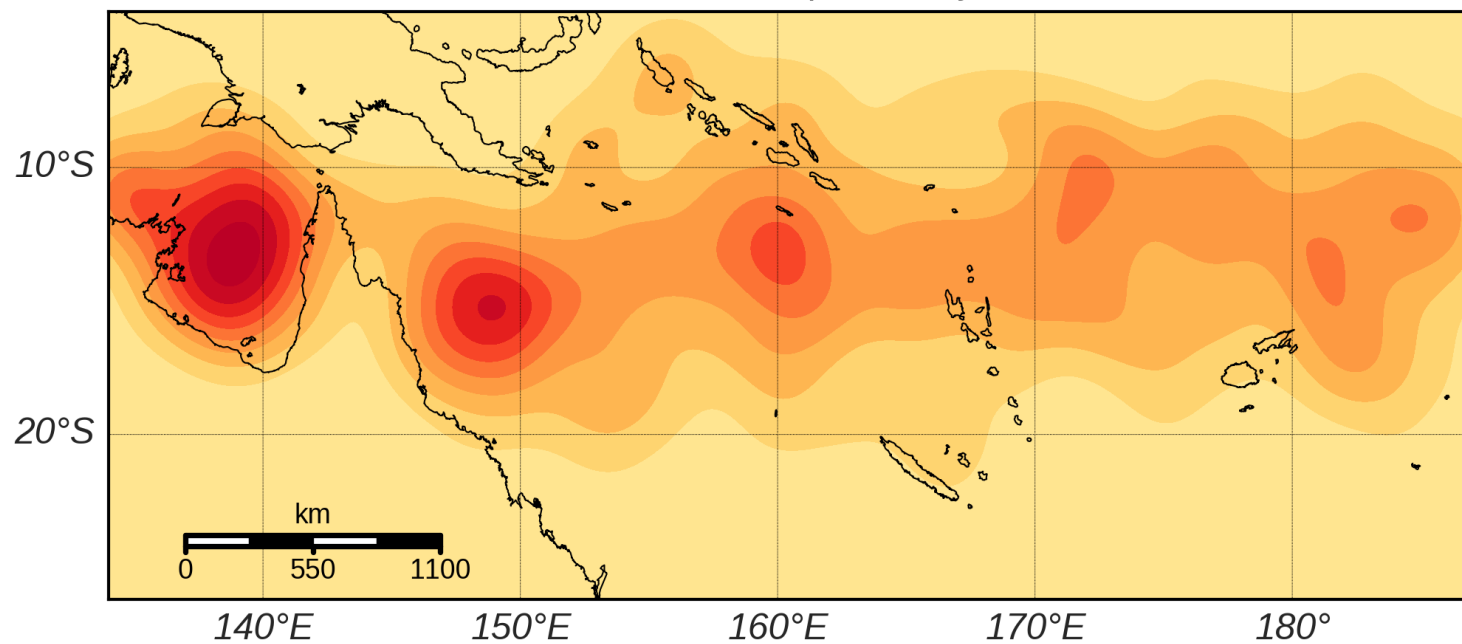




CREATE DATABASE OF 10,000 YEARS OF CYCLONE TRACK FOR LENAHEL

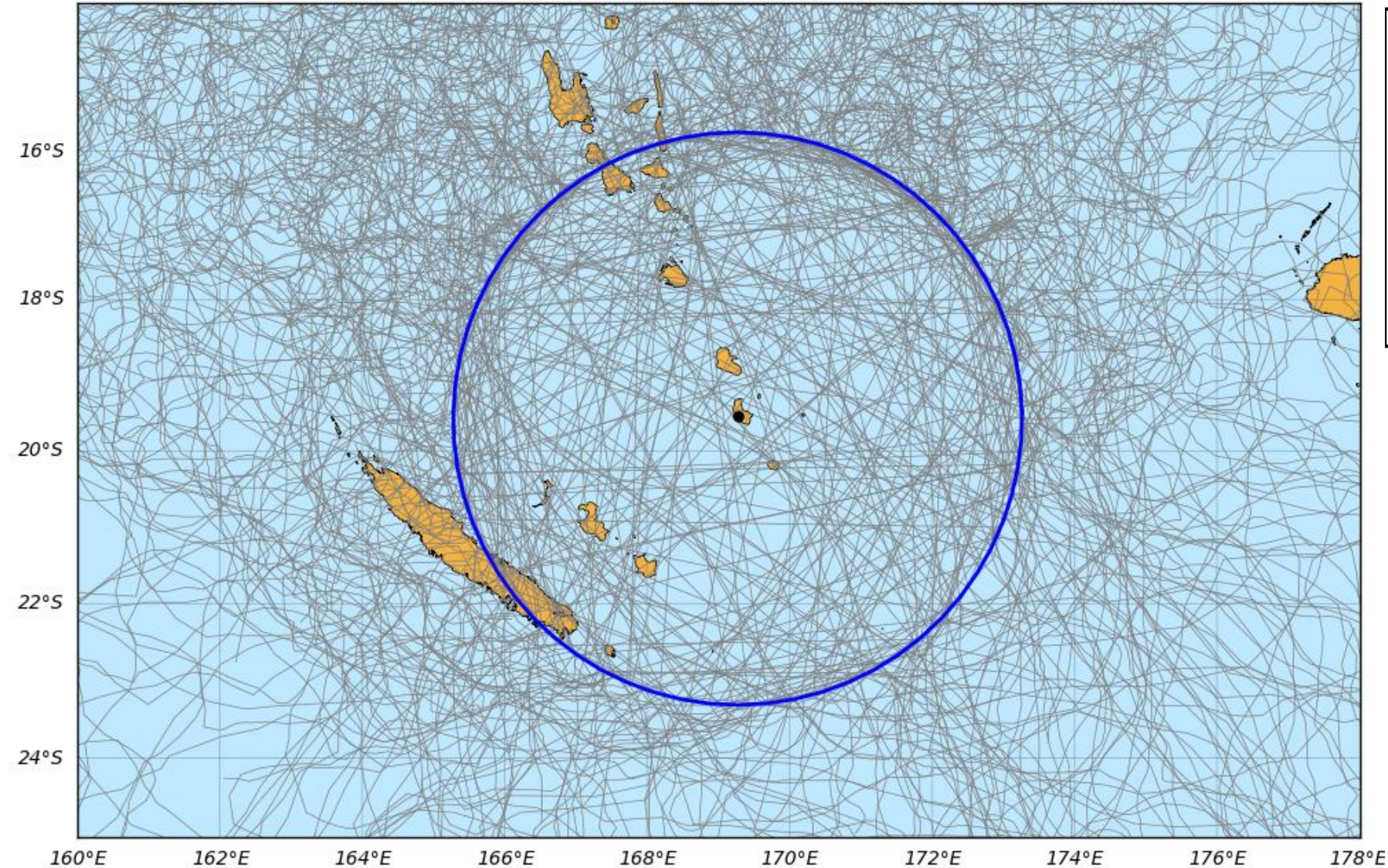
- Using Open Source Tropical Cyclone Risk Model (TCRM) from Geoscience Australia
- Stochastic approach based on Historical Cyclone Track Database (IBTRACS)
- ~16000 cyclone generated over a 10,000 year period

TC Genesis probability

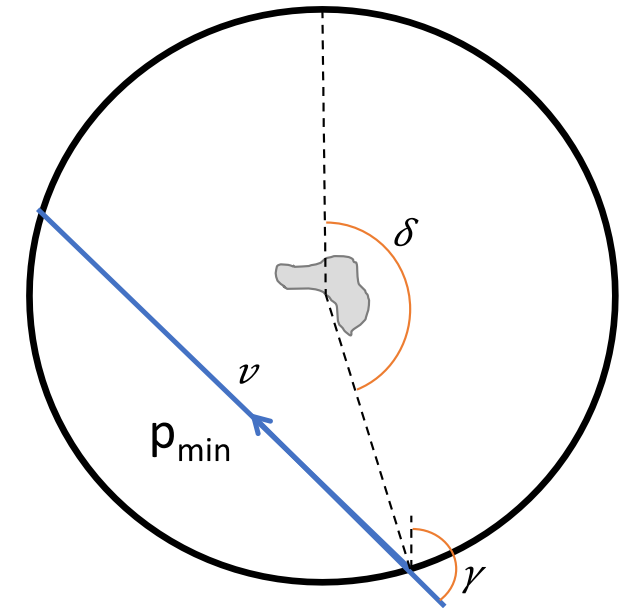


CYCLONE PARAMETERIZATION

300 modified TCs passing within 419 km of Lenakel selected using MDA

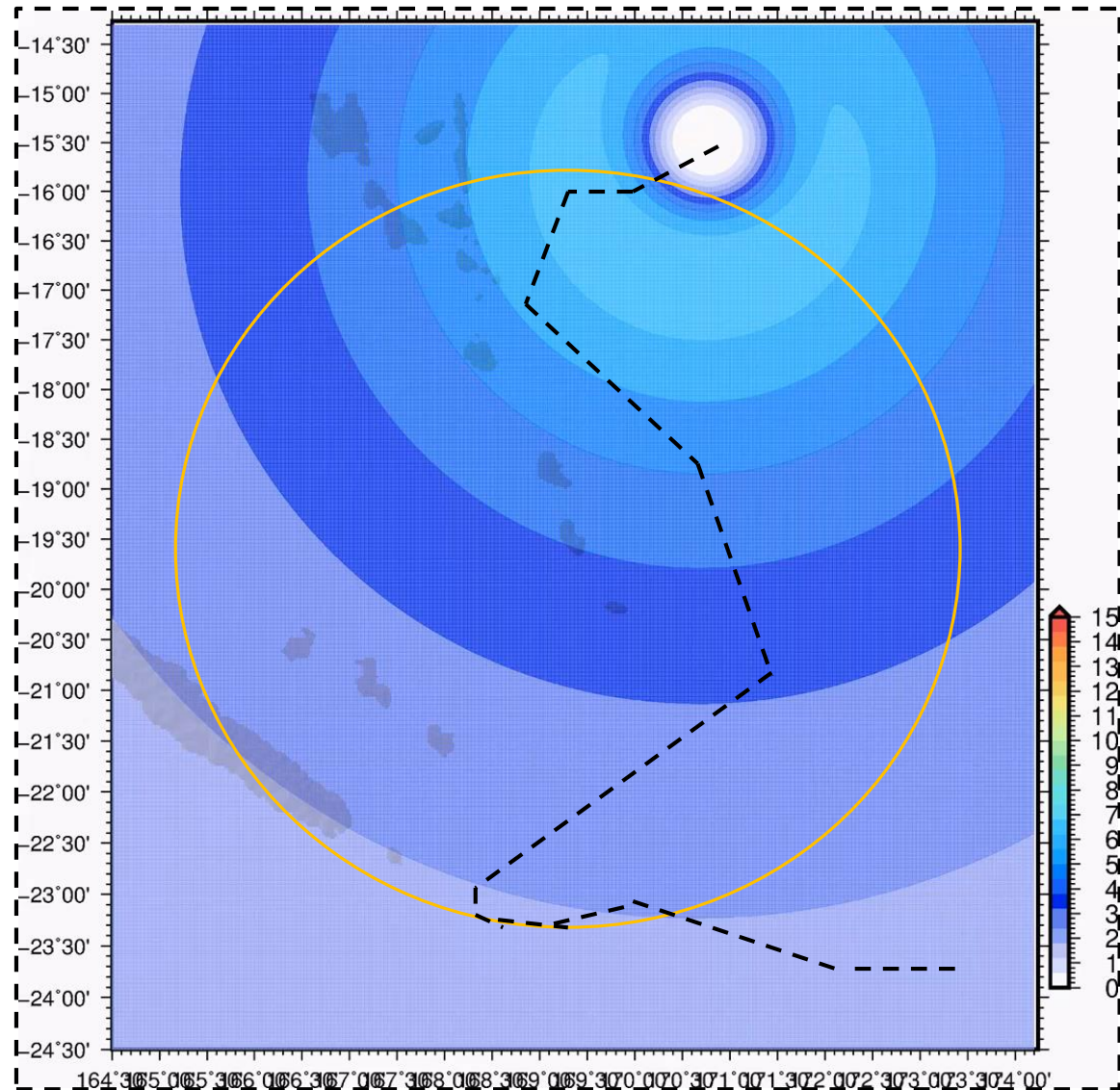


- Cyclone Parameters:
 - P_{min} , Min. Central Pressure
 - F_w , Forward Speed
 - δ , Angle of Entrance
 - γ , Azimuth

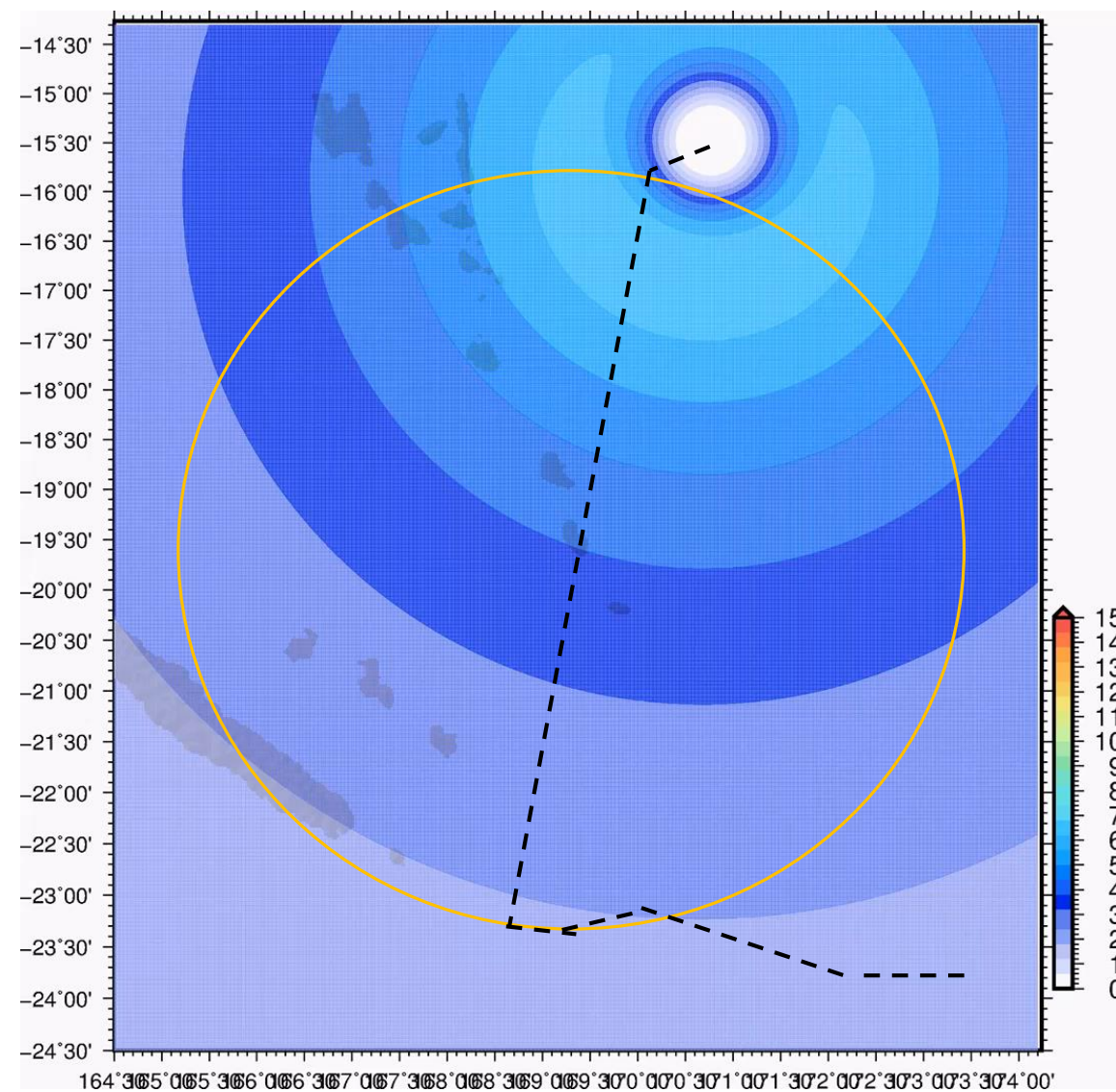


TC TRACK MODIFICATION

Wind field from synthetic track (TCRM track)



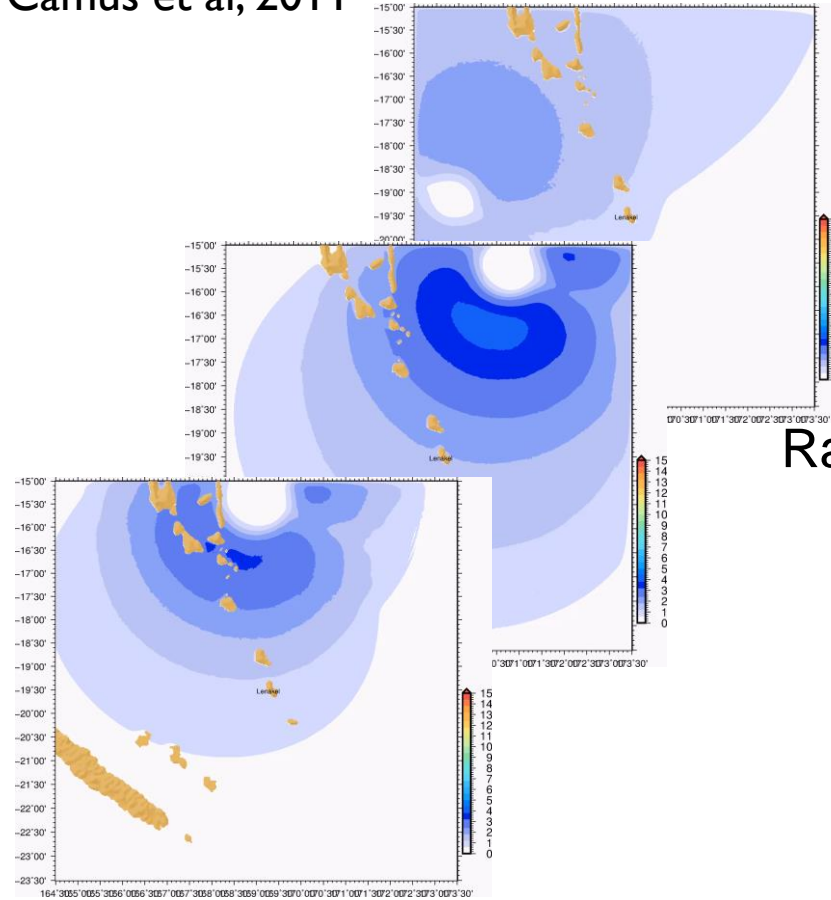
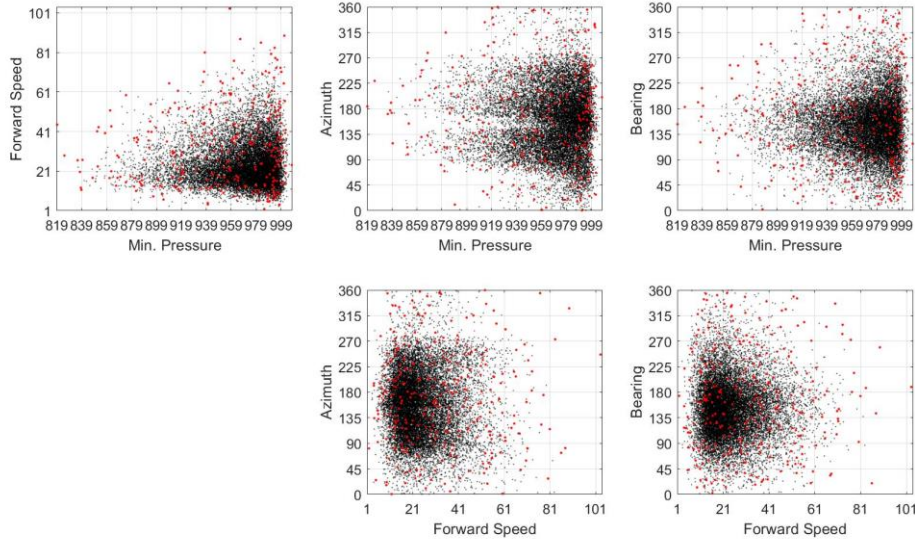
Wind field from modified track



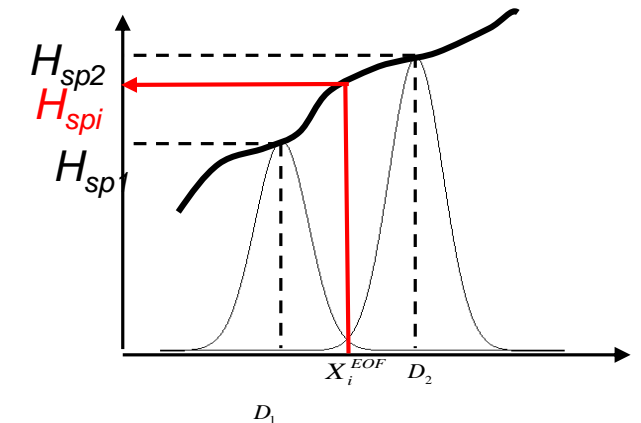
META-MODELLING OF EXTREMES

Based on Camus et al, 2011

Maximum Dissimilarity Algorithm



Radial Basis Functions (RBF)



Select representative
cases (500)



Simulate TC wave for
each selected cases

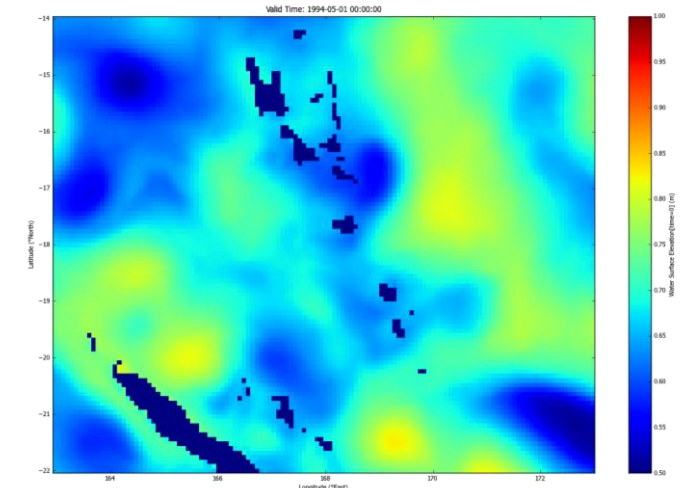
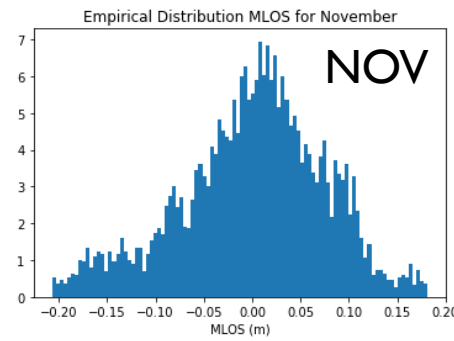
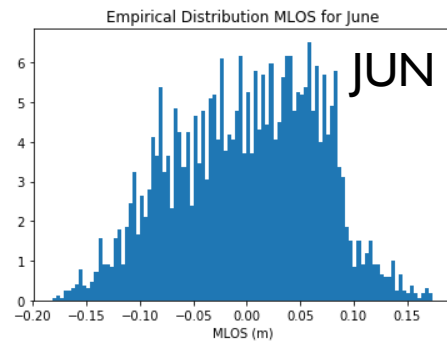
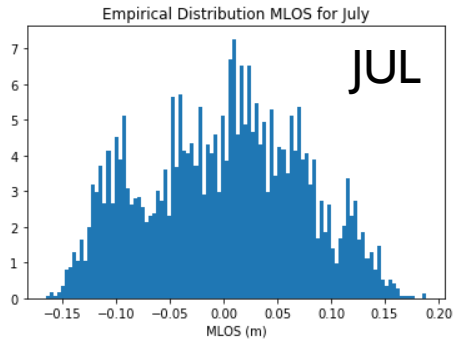


Reconstruct of 10,000 years
of TC offshore condition

WATER LEVEL CONDITIONS

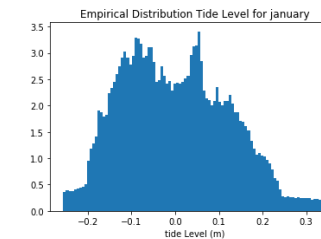
Mean Level of the Sea (MLS):

- 20 years HYCOM Reanalysis (1992-2012)
- Map monthly behavior (probabilistic distribution)



Tide:

- Harmonic Analysis on the JICA Tide gauge in Lenakel (2015-)
- Map monthly behaviour (probabilistic Distribution)



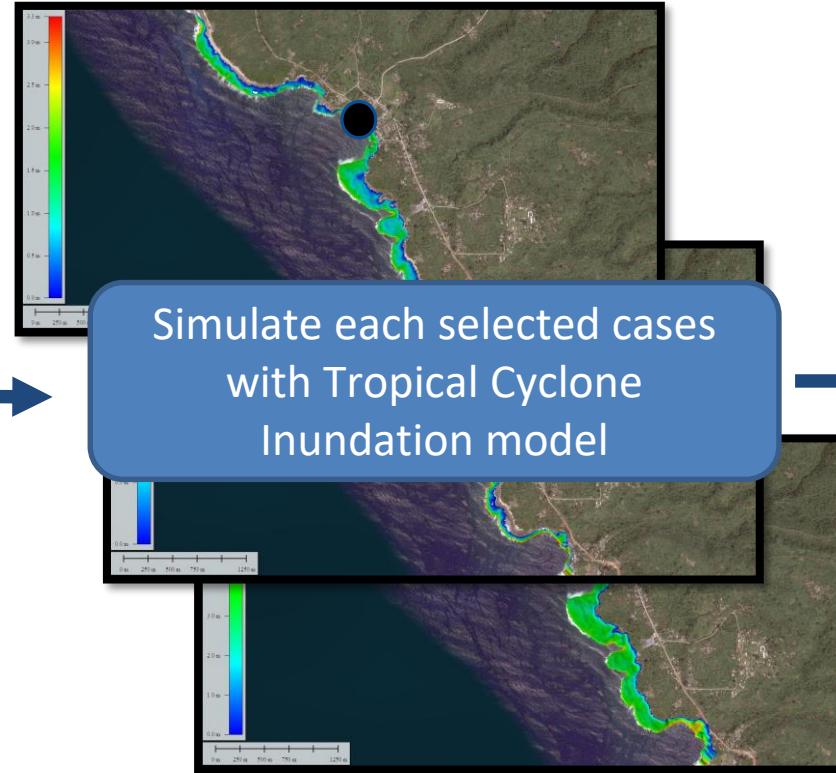
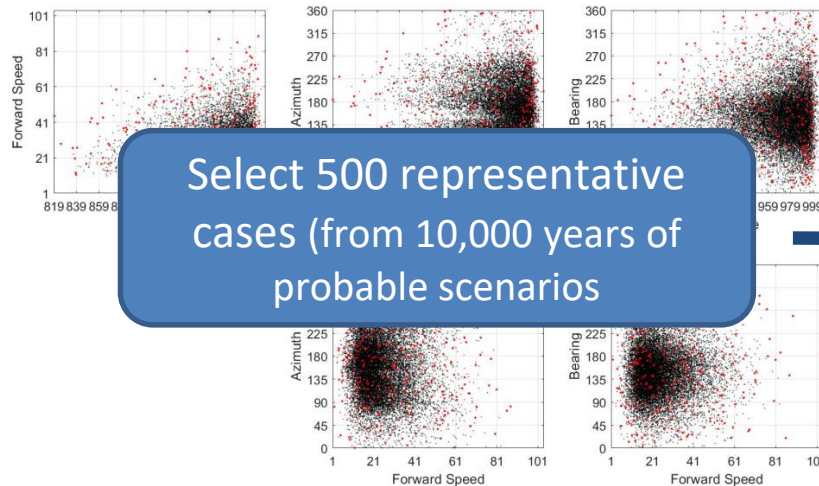
Storm Surge:

- Inverted barometric pressure: from Cyclone Central Pressure
- Wind Setup: Include Wspd and Wdir as part of Cyclone Inundation Scenario

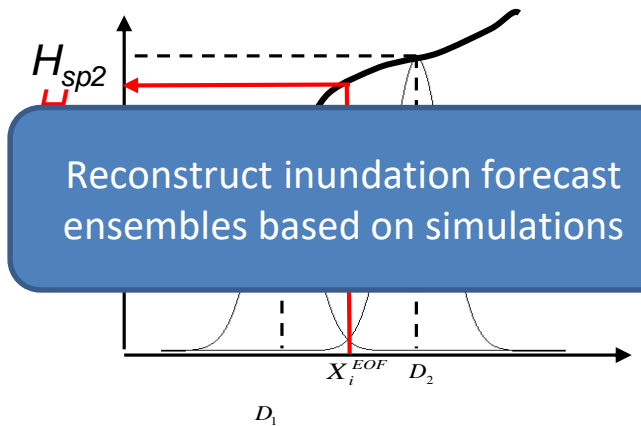
META-MODELS FOR PROBABILISTIC INUNDATION SCENARIOS

Based on Camus et al, 2011

Maximum Dissimilarity Algorithm



Radial Basis Functions (RBF)

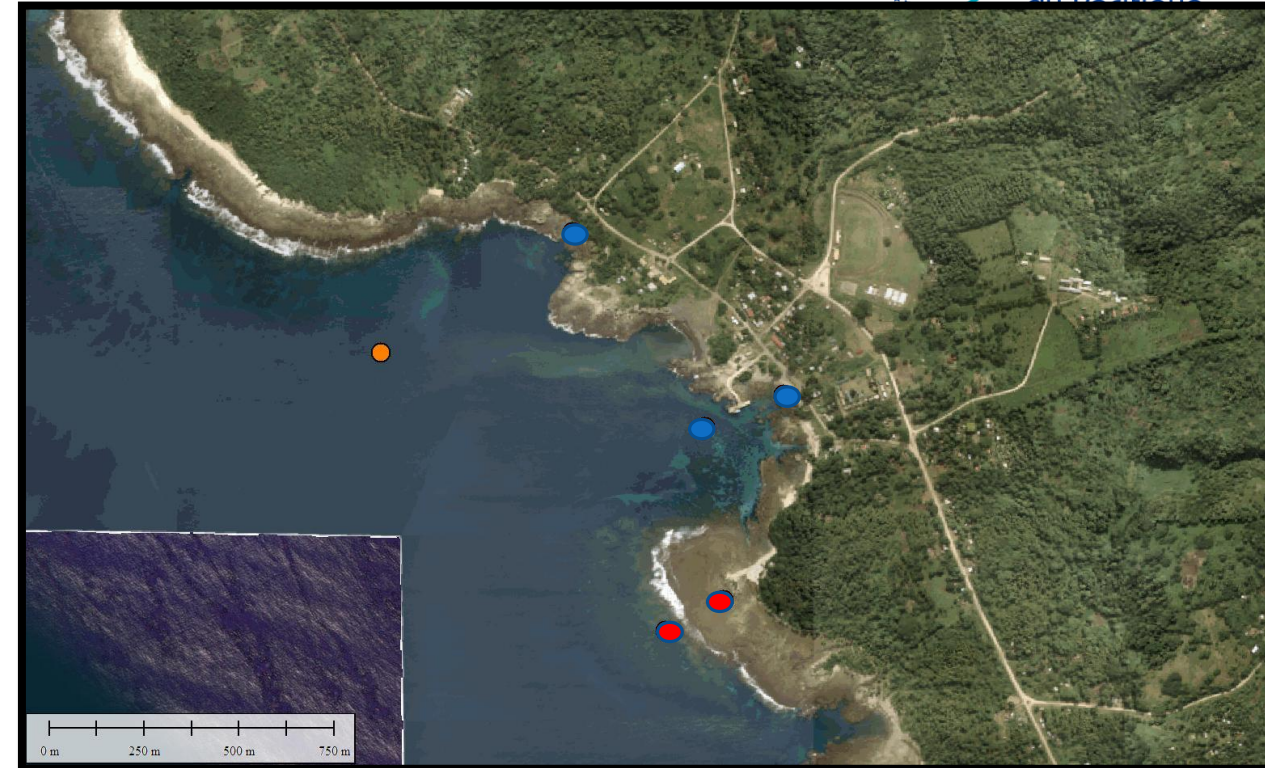





Scenarios characterized by 6 variables:
 $H_s, T_p, D_p, Tide, SS, MLOS$

Dynamic Modelling (Xbeach-GPU)

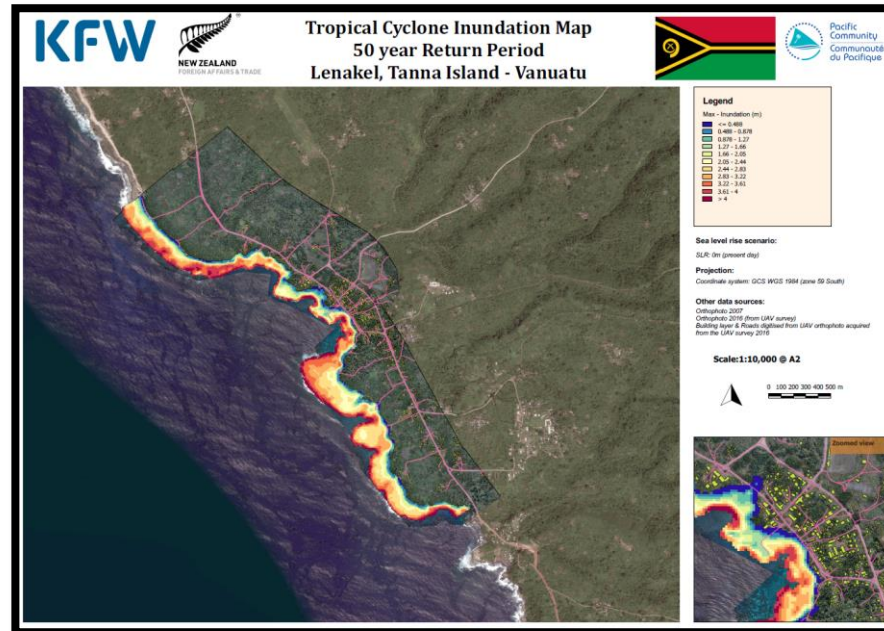
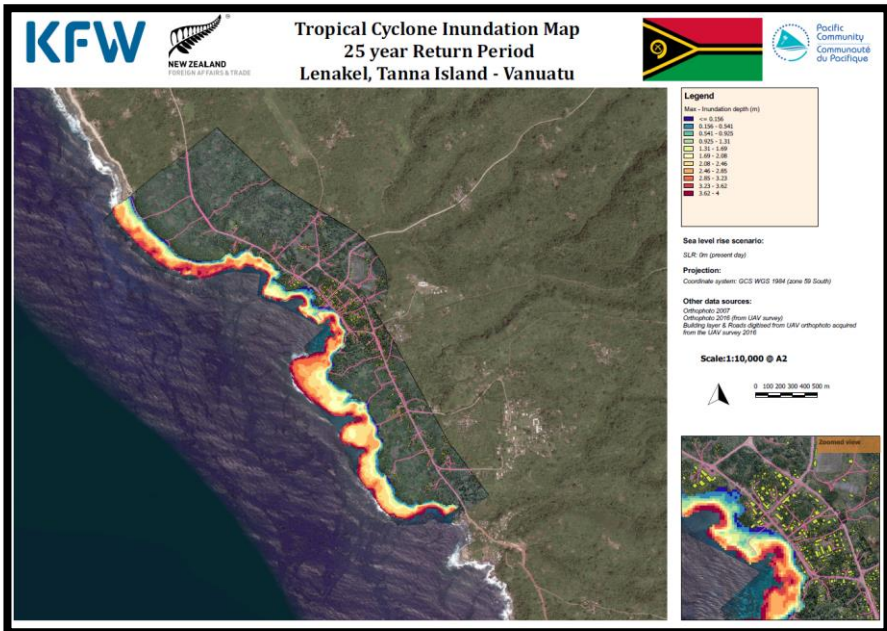
INUNDATION MODELLING ON REEF FRONTED ISLAND

- XBEACH_GPU :
(https://github.com/CyprienBosserele/xbeach_gpu).
 - Fast – especially with high end graphic cards
 - Provides suitable platform to model extreme wave height condition (using very low CFL calculation i.e. down to $CFL=0.0001$)
- Calibration
 - 6 month deployment
 - 4 wave events with $H_s > 3m$ used in calibration
 - 350 runs
- Obs.Vs Sim at the shore for $H_s > 3m$:
 - Wave Setup error: 0.07m
 - IG error: 0.02m
 - Short Wave error: 0.06m



-  VIRTUOSO – 1Hz / continuous
-  TWR – 1Hz / 2048s burst / 3hrs
-  AWAC

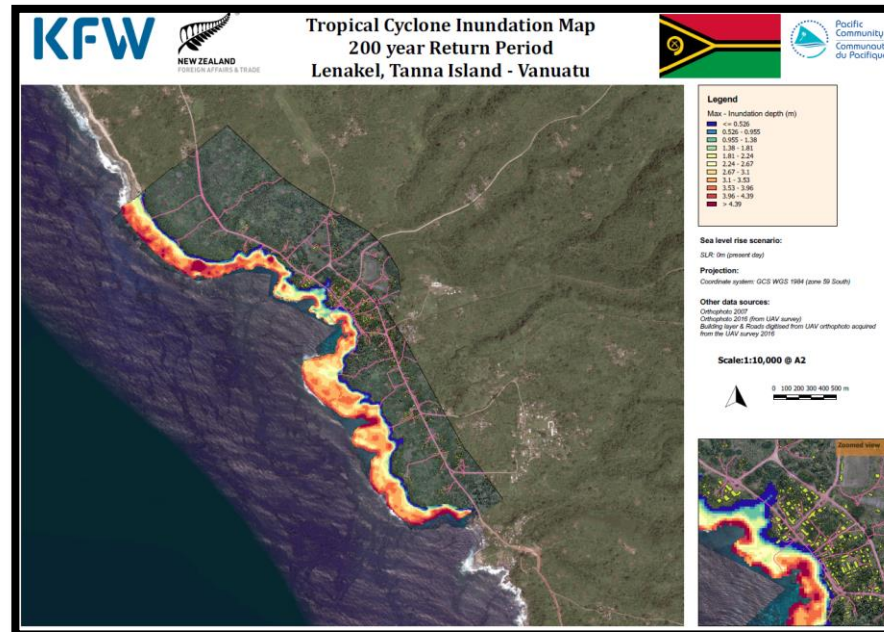
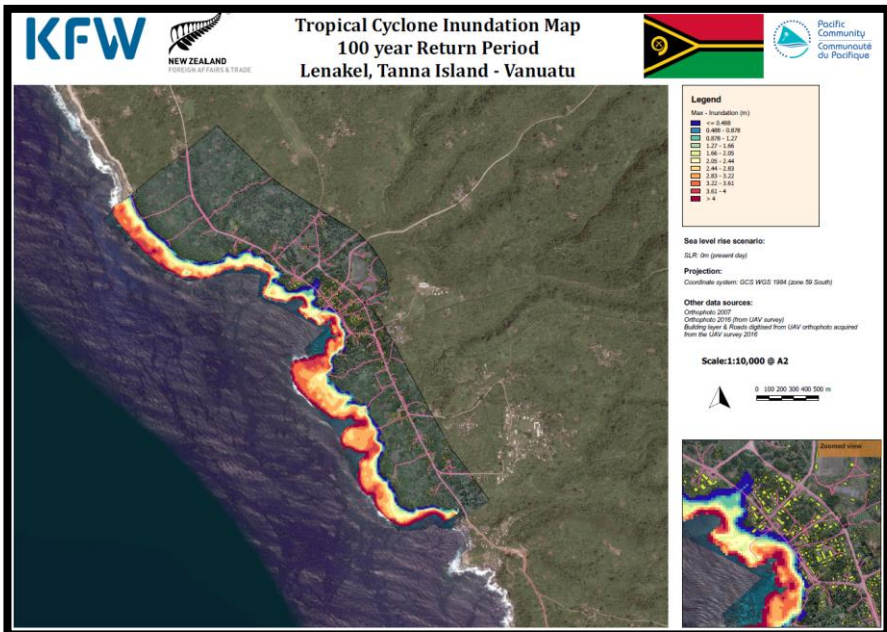
TC INUNDATION HAZARD MAPPING



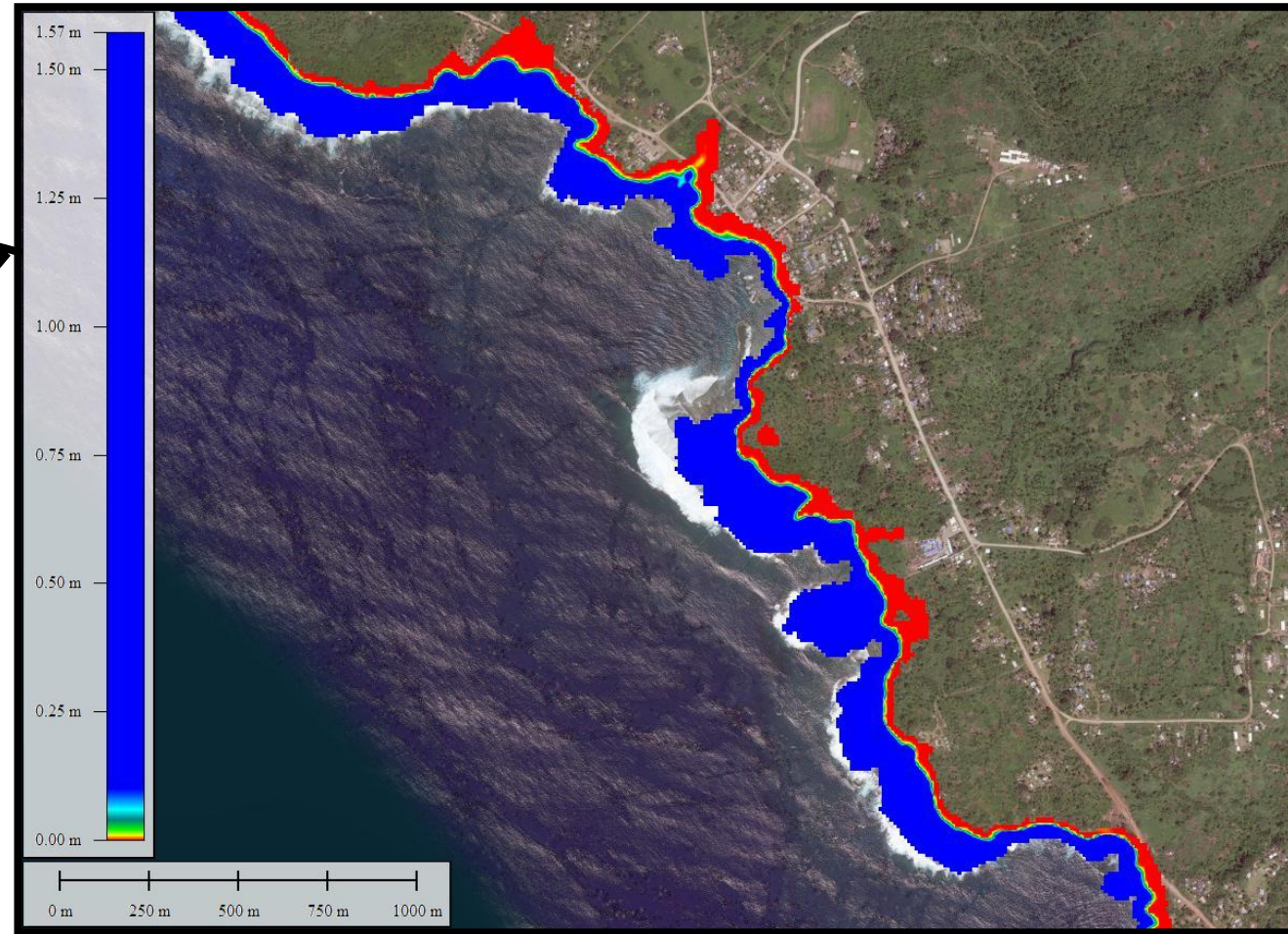
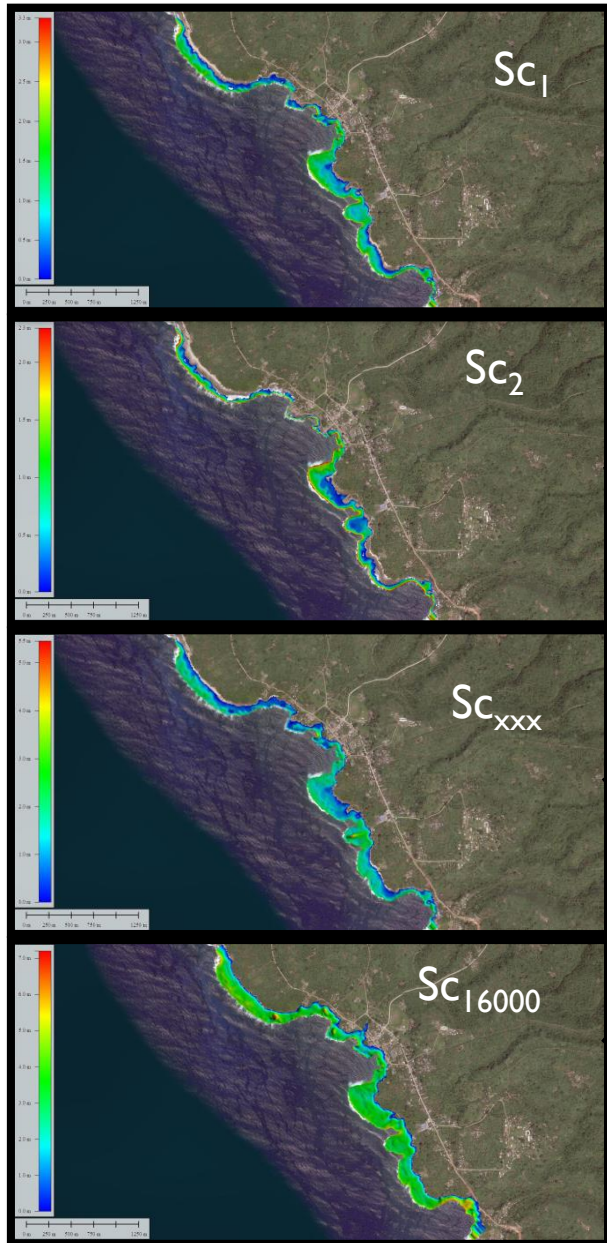
- Aggregated Inundation Map (~10 scenarios)

8 TC Inundation Hazard map:

- RP: 25,50,100,200 years
- SLR: Present & RCP8.5 (2090)



PROBABILISTIC INUNDATION MAPS



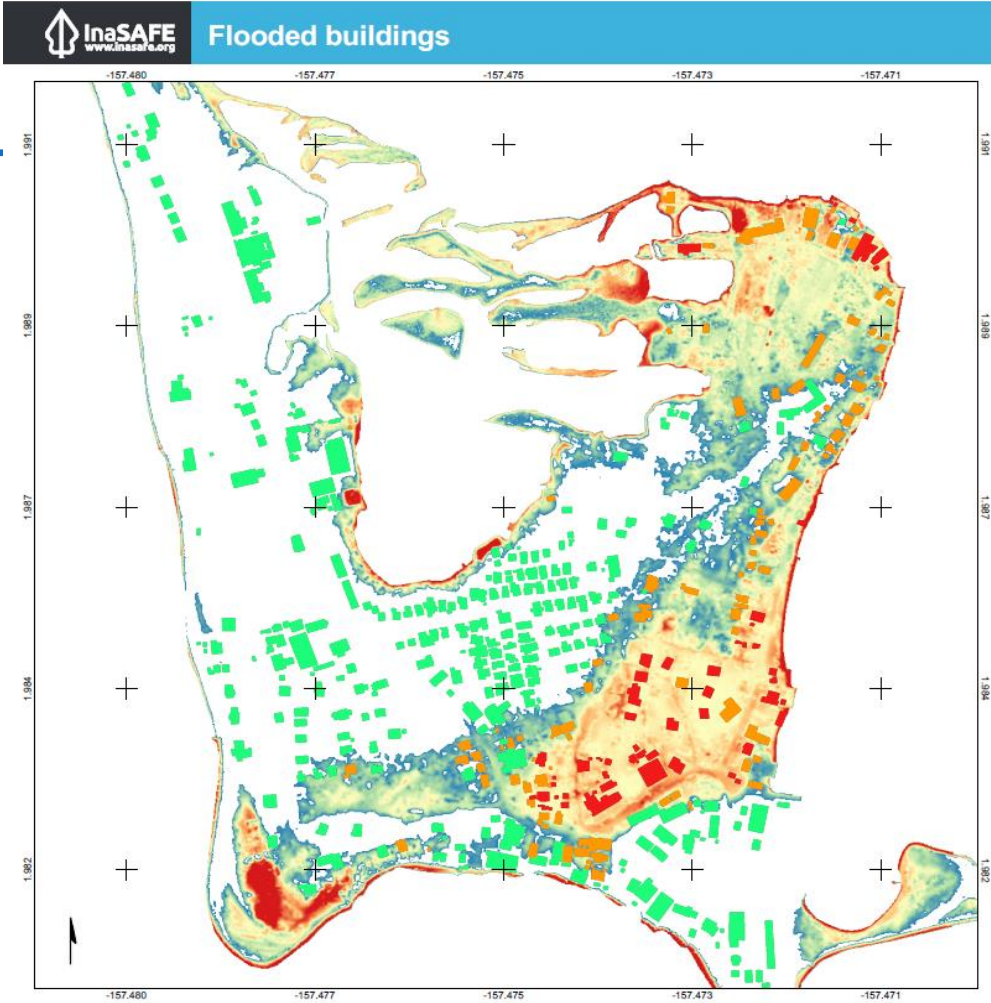
Map showing probability for Lenakel to experience more than 50cm flow depth

RISK ASSESSMENT TO SUPPORT DECISION MAKING

$RISK = LIKELIHOOD \times CONSEQUENCE$

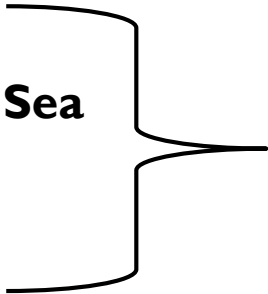
		CONSEQUENCE				
		<i>Insignificant</i>	<i>Minor</i>	<i>Moderate</i>	<i>Major</i>	<i>Catastrophic</i>
LIKELIHOOD	Almost Certain	Low	Medium	High	Extreme	Extreme
	Possible	Low	Low	Medium	High	Extreme
	Rare	Low	Low	Low	Medium	High

LONDON, KIRITIMATI, KIRIBATI



Future Improvements

- Include **Radius of Max. Wind** as a 5th cyclone parameter
- Map **dependency** between **TCs & Mean Level of the Sea**
- Include **Climate Change** impact on TC
- Investigate its application as a TC **inundation forecast** system
- Photogrammetry vs **LiDAR** topography data



Tesla-flood framework
based on Annual, monthly and daily predictor
(Mendez,F & Rueda,A University of Cantabria)